Version: 2.0

Date of Issue: 08 May 2017 Date of First Issue: 20 March 2012



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ACCORDING TO OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier used on the label M-Bond GA-61 Part B

Other means of identification Not applicable

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions

on use

Recommended use Adhesives.
Restrictions on use None.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier VISHAY MEASUREMENTS GROUP, INC.

Address of Supplier Post Office Box 27777
Raleigh, NC 27611

USA

 Telephone
 +1 919-365-3800

 Fax
 +1 919-365-3945

 E-Mail (competent person)
 mm.us@vishaypg.com

Emergency telephone number 1-800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (24 hours)

SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture in accordance with paragraph (d) of 29 CFR 1910.1200

Physical hazards

Health hazards

Combustible Dust

Eye Damage, Category 1

Skin Sensitisation, Category 1

Respiratory sensitization, Category 1

Carcinogen, Category 1A

Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 1

Environmental hazards Not classified

Hazard Symbol





Signal Word(s) DANGER

Hazard Statement(s)

May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

May cause cancer.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statement(s)

Keep away from all ignition sources including heat, sparks and flame

Keep container closed and grounded

Prevent dust accumulations to minimize explosion hazard

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Do not breathe dust.

14046 Page: 1 of 8

Version: 2.0

Date of Issue: 08 May 2017 Date of First Issue: 20 March 2012



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ACCORDING TO OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Other hazards None known

Percent of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity:

0%

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances Not applicable

Mixtures Substances in preparations / mixtures

Chemical identity of the substance	%W/W	CAS No.	EC No.	Hazard classification	
1,2,4,5-Benzenetetracarboxylic Dianhydride	<100	89-32-7	201-898-9	Eye Damage, Category 1 Respiratory sensitization, Category 1 Skin Sensitisation, Category 1	
Talc	10 – 30	14807-96-6	238-877-9	Not classified	
1,2,4,5-Benzenetetracarboxylic Acid	1 – 5	89-05-4	201-879-5	Not classified	
Quartz (crystalline silica)	0.5 – 1	14808-60-7	238-878-4	Carcinogen, Category 1A Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category	

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES



Description of first aid measures

Self-protection of the first aider

Do not breathe dust. Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear suitable respiratory

protective equipment if exposure to high levels of material are likely. Avoid all

contact.

Inhalation IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a

position comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a

POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Skin Contact IF ON SKIN (or hair): Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20

minutes. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If irritation

(redness, rash, blistering) develops, get medical attention.

Eye Contact

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Hold eye open and rinse

slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. If eye irritation persists: Get

medical advice/attention.

Ingestion If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Drink two

14046 Page: 2 of 8

Version: 2.0

Date of Issue: 08 May 2017 Date of First Issue: 20 March 2012 MICROE MEASUREMENTS AVPG Brand

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Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to a physician:

glasses of water. Do not induce vomiting. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Treat symptomatically.

IF IN EYES: Chemical eye burns may require extended irrigation. Due to possible delayed effect of poisoning and for safety reasons, they should be kept under medical observation for at least 48 hours.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media Unsuitable extinguishing Media

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters

Extinguish with carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam or waterspray.

Do not use water jet. Direct water jet may spread the fire. Avoid dust generation. Finely dispersed particles form explosive mixtures with air.

Explosion: May form combustible dust concentrations in air. Avoid dust generation. Fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.

Decomposes in a fire giving off toxic fumes: Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Use low-pressure medium fog streams to avoid dust clouds. Apply agent gently to avoid dust clouds. Fire fighters should wear complete protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus. Avoid all contact. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Environmental precautions

Methods and material for containment and cleaning

Ensure adequate ventilation. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Use personal protective equipment as required. See Section: 8. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.

Do not allow to enter drains, sewers or watercourses.

Stable under normal conditions.

Stop leak if safe to do so. Ensure suitable personal protection during removal of spillages. Sweep spilled substances into containers if appropriate moisten first to prevent dusting. Recommended: Vacuum spilled material. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e do not use compressed air for cleaning purposes). Collect mechanically and dispose of according to Section 13. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area and wash spill site after material pick-up is complete. Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

personal protective equipment as required. See Section: 8. Avoid dust generation. Keep away from fire, sparks and heated surfaces - no smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Do not allow dust to accumulate on surfaces and equipment. Use non-dispersive workplace cleaning (no compressed air / high pressure cleaners). Do not use in confined spaces. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated clothing should be thoroughly cleaned. Protect from moisture. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sources of ignition and direct sunlight. Ideal storage temperature is (°C): <50°C

Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid all contact. Do not breathe dust. Use

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Storage temperature
Storage life

14046 Page: 3 of 8

Version: 2.0

Date of Issue: 08 May 2017 Date of First Issue: 20 March 2012



www.vishaypq.com

ACCORDING TO OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Protect from moisture.

Incompatible materials Keep away from: Flammable liquid, Reducing agent, Oxidizing agents,

Corrosive Substances, Alkalis

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Limits

SUBSTANCE	CAS No.	LTEL (8 hr TWA ppm)	LTEL (8 hr TWA mg/m³)	STEL (ppm)	STEL (mg/m³)	Note
Particulates not						OSHA
otherwise regulated /	-	=	15	-	-	Total dust
Inert or nuisance dust		=	5	-	-	Respirable dust
Talc						NIOSH
(containing no	1 14807-96-6	=	2	-	-	Respirable Dust
asbestos and less than		20 mppcf	-	-	-	OSHA
1% quartz)	=	2	-	-	ACGIH, A4	
Quartz (SiO2) (crystalline silica)	14808-60-7	=	0.05	-	-	NIOSH
						OSHA
		-	30	-	-	Total Dust
		=	10	-	-	Respirable Dust
		=	0.025	-	-	ACGIH, A2

Note: OSHA PELs 1910.1000 TABLE Z-1/3/ NIOSH RELs / ACGIH TLVs

A2: Suspected Human Carcinogen: Human data are accepted as adequate in quality but are conflicting or insufficient to classify the agent as a confirmed human carcinogen; OR, the agent is carcinogenic in experimental animals at dose(s), by route(s) of exposure, at site(s), of histological type(s), or by mechanism(s) considered relevant to worker exposure. The A2 is primarily when there is limited evidence of carcinogenicity in humans and sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental animals with relevance to humans.

A4: Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen: Agents which cause concern that they could be carcinogenic for humans but which cannot be assessed conclusively because of the lack of data. In vitro or animal studies do not provide indications of carcinogenicity which are sufficient to classify the agent into one of the other categories.

The other components listed in Section 3 do not have occupational exposure limits.

Biological Exposure Indices	Not established
-----------------------------	-----------------

Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Atmospheric levels should be controlled in compliance with the occupational exposure limit. It is recommended that all dust control equipment such as local exhaust ventilation and material transport systems involved in handling of this product contain explosion relief vents or an explosion suppression system or an oxygen deficient environment. Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment). Use only appropriately classified electrical equipment and powered industrial trucks.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep work clothes separately. Contaminated clothing should be thoroughly cleaned. Do not eat, drink or smoke at the work place. Have available eyewash bottle with clean water. Do not use in confined spaces.

Eye/face protection Use eye protection designed to protect against dusts.

14046 Page: 4 of 8

^aMppcf: Millions of particles per cubic foot of air

Version: 2.0

Date of Issue: 08 May 2017 Date of First Issue: 20 March 2012



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ACCORDING TO OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)



Skin protection



Hand protection: Wear impervious gloves. Gloves should be changed regularly to avoid permeation problems. Breakthrough time of the glove material: refer to the information provided by the gloves' producer.

Body protection: Wear dust-resistant protective clothing. Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

Respiratory protection



Wear suitable respiratory protective equipment if processing involves working in areas where dusts or vapours are likely to be evolved. Use NIOSH approved respiratory protection. (Recommended: Respiratory protection necessary at/for: > 10 mg/m³ Dust).

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance White / Pale brown Powder

Odor
Odourless
Odor Threshold
Not available.
pH
Not established.
Melting Point/Freezing Point
Not established.
Initial boiling point and boiling range
Flash Point
Point
Not established.
>400°C (Mixture)
>93°C (Mixture)

Evaporation rate (Butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Vapour pressure

Vapour density

Not established.

Not established.

Not established.

Not established.

Relative density 1.81 g/cm³ (H2O = 1) (Mixture) Solubility(ies) Slightly soluble in: Water

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Decomposition Temperature Not available.

Viscosity Not available.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

 Reactivity
 Stable under normal conditions.

 Chemical stability
 Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions Hazardous polymerisation will not occur. May form combustible dust clouds in

air. Contact with water or moist air causes production of opaque and corrosive

fumes.

Conditions to avoid Do not store and transport with oxidizers, (acids) (and bases), etc. Keep away

from fire, sparks and heated surfaces. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not allow dust to accumulate on surfaces and equipment.

Do not use in confined spaces. Protect from moisture.

Incompatible materials Flammable liquid, Reducing agent, Oxidizing agents, Corrosive Substances,

Alkalis and Acids.

Hazardous decomposition product(s) May decompose in a fire giving off toxic fumes. Carbon monoxide, Carbon

dioxide.

14046 Page: 5 of 8

Version: 2.0

Date of Issue: 08 May 2017 Date of First Issue: 20 March 2012



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ACCORDING TO OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects (Substances in preparations / mixtures)

Acute toxicity - Ingestion Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 > 2000 mg/kg

bw/day.

Acute toxicity - Inhalation Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 >20.0 mg/l. **Acute toxicity - Skin Contact** Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 > 2000 mg/kg

bw/day.

Skin corrosion/irritation Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation Eye Damage, Category 1; Causes serious eye damage.

Skin sensitization Skin Sensitisation, Category 1: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization Respiratory sensitization, Category 1: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms

or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Germ cell mutagenicity Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity Carcinogen, Category 1A; May cause cancer

Reproductive toxicity Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. STOT - single exposure Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 1; Causes

damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Possible - accidental exposure; when dust is dispersed. Inhalation

Ingestion Unlikely - accidental exposure Skin Contact Possible - accidental exposure Eye Contact Unlikely - accidental exposure

Early onset symptoms related to exposure Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause

allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Delayed health effects from exposure Symptoms may be delayed for as long as 48 hours following exposure. May

cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Other information

Quartz (SiO2) (crystalline silica): Group K: Known To Be Human Carcinogens NTP Report on Carcinogens

IARC Monographs Talc: Group 3 - Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. Quartz (SiO2) (crystalline silica): Group 1 - Carcinogenic to humans

OSHA Designated Carcinogen All chemicals are not listed

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Ecotoxicity**

Estimated Mixture LC50 >100 mg/l (Fish)

Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential The product has low potential for bioaccumulation.

Mobility in soil The product is predicted to have high mobility in soil. (Water Soluble)

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Send

after pre-treatment to a appropriate hazardous waste incinerator facility

according to legislation.

14046 Page: 6 of 8

Version: 2.0

Date of Issue: 08 May 2017 Date of First Issue: 20 March 2012



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Additional Information

Dispose of contents in accordance with local, state or national legislation.

IMDG

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

(Not classified according to the United Nations 'Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods')

ADR/RID UN number Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. **UN proper shipping name** Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. Transport hazard class(es) Not applicable. Not applicable. Packing group Not applicable. Not classified Not classified as a Not classified **Environmental hazards** Marine Pollutant.

Not applicable.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL

73/78 and the IBC Code

Special precautions for user See Section: 2

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

US Federal Regulations

TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act) 1,2,4,5-Benzenetetracarboxylic Dianhydride - Subject to 25,000 lb reporting

Talc - Subject to 25,000 lb reporting threshold

1,2,4,5-Benzenetetracarboxylic Acid - Subject to 25,000 lb reporting threshold

Quartz (SiO2) (crystalline silica) - Subject to 25,000 lb reporting threshold

EPCRA/SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous

Substances

EPCRA Section 313 Toxics Release Inventory (TRI)

Program

NIOSH Occupational Carcinogen List OSHA List of highly hazardous chemicals, toxics and

NTP Report on Carcinogens (RoC) List Poison Prevention Packaging Act

US State Regulations

California State, Proposition 65 List

California State, Safer Consumer Products Regulations

Maine State, Toxic Chemicals in Children's Products Act New Jersey State Worker and Community RTK Act

Pennsylvania State, Worker and Community RTK Act

Rhode Island State, Hazardous Substances RTK Act

Non-Regional

IARC Monographs, List of Classifications

All chemicals are not listed

All chemicals are not listed

Quartz (SiO2) (crystalline silica)

All chemicals are not listed

Quartz (SiO2) (crystalline silica): Group K: Known To Be Human Carcinogens

All chemicals are not listed

All chemicals are not listed

1,2,4,5-Benzenetetracarboxylic Dianhydride - Candidate Chemicals List

Talc - Candidate Chemicals List

Quartz (SiO2) (crystalline silica): Candidate Chemicals List Quartz (SiO2) (crystalline silica): COC list. CHC list

Talc - RTKHSL. SHHSL

Quartz (SiO2) (crystalline silica): RTKHSL. SHHSL

Talc - Hazardous Substance List

Quartz (SiO2) (crystalline silica): Hazardous Substance List

Talc - Hazardous Substance List

Quartz (SiO2) (crystalline silica): Hazardous Substance List

Talc - Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

Quartz (SiO2) (crystalline silica): Group 1

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections contain revisions or new statements: Updated substance / mixture classification. New SDS Regulation compliant with HazCom 2012 format, all sections have been updated to include new information. Please review SDS with care.

Version

Revision Date 08 May 2017 **Date of First Issue** 20 March 2012

14046 Page: 7 of 8

Version: 2.0

Date of Issue: 08 May 2017 Date of First Issue: 20 March 2012



www.vishaypq.com

ACCORDING TO OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

References:

Existing Safety Data Sheet (SDS), EU Data: Existing ECHA registration(s) for benzene-1,2,4,5-tetracarboxylic acid (CAS# 89-05-4) and Bisphenol A (CAS# 80-05-7) and Harmonised Classification benzene-1,2:4,5-tetracarboxylic dianhydride (CAS# 89-32-7).

GHS Classification of the substance or mixture	Classification Procedure		
Eye Damage, Category 1	Threshold Calculation		
Respiratory sensitization, Category 1	Threshold Calculation		
Skin Sensitisation, Category 1	Threshold Calculation		
Carcinogen, Category 1A	Threshold Calculation		
Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure,	Threshold Calculation		
Category 1			

LEGEND

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

BEI: Biological Exposure Indices (ACGIH)

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

Irr: Irritation

NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

NTP: National Toxicology Program

OSHA: The Occupational Safety & Health Administration

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PEL: Permissible exposure limit

REL: Recommended exposure limit SCL: Specific Concentration Limit

Skin": Risk of overexposure via dermal contact

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV: Threshold Limit value

TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act TWA: Time Weighted Average URT: Upper respiratory tract

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Training advice: Consideration should be given to the work procedures involved and the potential extent of exposure as they may determine whether a higher level of protection is required.

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14046 Page: 8 of 8